

BIA/BID Quiz

1) BIAs should be conducted:

- A) Only in specific cases.
- B) For children of at risk, on an ongoing basis until a durable solution is found.
- C) Once, prior to a BID.

2) BIA and child protection interventions:

- A) Are always one off event.
- B) Should be ongoing.
- B) Are not necessary prior to BID.

3) A BID is sometimes needed prior to reunification in cases:

- A) Where the child and family have been separated for a long period of time.
- B) Where the child and family want to be reunified after a short separation.
- C) Prior to all reunifications.

4) Children who need a BIA and follow-up are:

- A) Only separated children.
- B) All those at risk of or subject to abuse, neglect, exploitation and/or violence.
- C) Mainly unaccompanied children.

5) When assessing a child at risk you should look at:

- A) Only the specific child protection problems of the child.
- B) The child in a holistic way: the child as a whole, not only her/his child protection problems.
- C) Only her/his strength and coping mechanisms.

6) BIA should be undertaken for child survivors of SGBV:

- A) When the child has been physically assaulted
- B) When the child is a girl
- C) Always

7) BID is required for child survivors of SGBV:

- A) when the child has been sexually assaulted
- B) when the survivor is an LGBTI person
- C) when the child could be separated from his parents or primary caretakers

8) BIA interviews aim:

- A) To help the child participate and express her/his views in regard to sustainable solutions that address her/his protection needs.
- B) To get as much information from the child as possible.
- C) To facilitate resettlement.

9) Should BIA and follow-up be

- documented? A) It depends.
- B) Yes, of course.
- C) Maybe not.